

Methods of Teaching English at Elementary Level



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ONE PAPER MCQs



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Methods of Teaching English at Elementary Level

Q.1: What is meant by "fish out of water"_____?

- A. Uneasy
- B. Confused
- C. Dejected
- D. Alone

Q.2: Definite article is?

- A. Over
- B. A
- C. An
- D. The

Q.3: Point out the auxiliary verb from the sentence: "I sha go to college for qualifying test today_____?"

- A. College
- B. Shall
- C. Test
- D. I

Q.4: Adjective in "Haroon is an excellent teacher o English_____?"

- A. English
- B. Haroon
- C. Excellent
- D. Teacher

Q.5: When we give human quality to object, it is_____?

- A. Alliterations
- B. Personification
- C. Simile
- D. Metapho

Q.6: What mainly refers to the use of rhythm?

- A. Rhythm
- B. Form
- C. Intonation
- D. Style

Q.7: The science of language is?

- A. Vocabulary
- B. Listening
- C. Poetry
- D. Grammar

Q.8: Skill concerned with the muscular practice of the learner is_____?

- A. Writing
- B. Listening
- C. Speaking
- D. Reading

Q.9: Conversation between two persons is_____?

- A. Role Play
- B. Monologue
- C. Dialogue
- D. Photograph

Q.10: Useful in improving listening and speaking capabilities is_____?

- A. Photograph
- B. Interviews
- C. Monologue
- D. Role Play

Q.11: Who expounded the behaviouristic theory of learning?

- A. Frier
- B. Chomsky
- C. **J. B. Watson**
- D. Rrolph

Q.12: With speaking what other quality of learner is greatly improved?

- A. Writing
- B. **Listening**
- C. Reading
- D. Speaking

Q.13: Which is the third skill of language learning?

- A. **Reading**
- B. Speaking
- C. Listening
- D. Writing

Q.14: %age of Pakistan population that lives in remote is ____?

- A. **75%**
- B. 40%
- C. 60%
- D. 50%

Q.15: The knowledge of the rules of grammar comes first and practice later ____?

- A. Perspective
- B. Deductive
- C. **Inductive**
- D. Constructive

Q.16: The ability to recognize the alphabets is ____?

- A. **Reading**
- B. Writing
- C. Listening
- D. Speaking

Q.17: Non-Visual information in reading is concerned with ____?

- A. Chunks
- B. Text
- C. Stories
- D. **Prior knowledge of reader**

Q.18: Rule Oriented Grammar is known as ____?

- A. Descriptive
- B. **Prescriptive**
- C. Formulative
- D. Interrogative

Q.19: The conversation between two people is ____?

- A. **Dialogue**
- B. Monologue
- C. Intonation
- D. Ambience

Q.20: A classical method of teaching a foreign language is ____?

- A. **DM**
- B. GTM
- C. Audio lingual method
- D. Eclectic method

Q.21: How much and when is taught is determined by ____?

- A. **Approach**
- B. Method
- C. Technique
- D. Skill

Q.22: The third skill of teaching English is ____?

- A. Speaking
- B. Listening
- C. **Reading**
- D. Writing

Q.23: What is concerned with the classroom atmosphere?

- A. Recognition
- B. **Ambience**
- C. Milieu
- D. Remote

Q.24: What helps a learner to learn a lot?

- A. Learner
- B. Target language
- C. **Mother tongue**
- D. Bilingualism

Q.25: Mechanical as well as mental skill is ____?

- A. Speaking
- B. Reading
- C. **Writing**
- D. Listening

Q.26: Reading practiced at primary level is ____?

- A. Silent reading
- B. **Loud reading**
- C. No reading
- D. Fast reading

Q.27: To cast a birds eye view over a text before reading is ____?

- A. Anticipation
- B. Previewing
- C. **Prediction**
- D. Motivation

Q.28: What shall we do if we find an unfamiliar word?

- A. We may ask someone about its meaning
- B. We look for meaning in dictionary
- C. **We may guess its meaning**
- D. We may ignore it

Q.29: The best way of reading a text is ____?

- A. **To read text in chunk**
- B. To read a group of words
- C. To read a whole sentence
- D. to read a group of letters

Q.30: Novel reading is ____?

- A. Scanning
- B. Skimming
- C. Intensive reading
- D. **Extensive reading**

Q.31: Reading newspapers is ____?

- A. Scanning
- B. Intensive reading
- C. Extensive reading
- D. **Skimming**

Q.32: We try to find a specific information in ____?

- A. Intensive readin
- B. Skimming
- C. **Scanning**
- D. Extensive reading

Q.33: While reading, our eye movement from one word to another is ____?

- A. Extensive reading
- B. Fluent glide
- C. **A series of jerks**
- D. Intensive reading

Q.34: In ancient times what was thought about reading and studying?

- A. **A mysterious thing**
- B. A noble work
- C. A funny task
- D. A hard work.

Q.35: The knowledge of a native speaker of a language is ____?

- A. **Implicit**
- B. Explicit
- C. Explicit and implicit
- D. All of the above

Q.36: The basis on the which the three remaining skills are developed ____?

- A. Speaking
- B. Reading
- C. Writing
- D. **Listening**

Q.37: We engage our minds actively while ____?

- A. Sleeping
- B. **Listening**
- C. Hearing
- D. Seeing

Q.38: By which oral communication is not possible?

- A. Reading
- B. **Listening**
- C. Writing
- D. All of above

Q.39: Units in phonic method are ____?

- A. **Sound of letters**
- B. Words
- C. Sound of words
- D. Letters

Q.40: The procedure of the sentence method is ____?

- A. Sentence-Words - Letters - Phrases
- B. Sentence Phrases Letters - Words
- C. Phrases-Sentence - Words - Letters
- D. **Sentence-Phrases - Words - Letters**

Q.41: Eclectic approach means ____?

- A. Using a wide variety
- B. **Drawing from various**
- C. Not following one style
- D. All of the above

Q.42: Audio Lingual means ____?

- A. Listening with the help of A.V. Aids
- B. Listening and reading
- C. **Listening and speaking**
- D. Listening and writing

Q.43: Direct method strongly emphasizes on ____?

- A. Reading work
- B. Written work
- C. **Oral work**
- D. Social work

Q.44: Suitable for large classes is ____?

- A. Direct Method
- B. Structural method
- C. Eclectic method
- D. **Grammar Translation method**

Q.45: The key in the process of habit formation?

- A. **Practice**
- B. Book
- C. Writing
- D. Willingness

Q.46: Learning a language is ____?

- A. A science and an art
- B. **An art**
- C. A science
- D. None of above

Q.47: Ability in our schools ignored is ____?

- A. Writing
- B. Reading
- C. Listening
- D. **Speaking**

Q.48: An abstract word is ____?

- A. **Good**
- B. Chair
- C. Tall
- D. Sitting

Q.49: How many languages in Pakistan are expected to know at least?

- A. 3
- B. **4**
- C. 2
- D. 5

Q.50: Ability to communicate in two languages is ____?

- A. Multi lingualism
- B. **Bilingualism**
- C. Mono lingualism
- D. All above

Q.51: English was introduced in sub-continent as official language in ____?

- A. 1864
- B. 1947
- C. 1902
- D. **1832**

Q.52: English is taught in Pakistan from ____?

- A. Class third to post graduate
- B. Class six to graduate
- C. **Class one to graduate**
- D. Class one to post graduate

Q.53: English language has foreign vocabulary ____?

- A. 20%
- B. **80%**
- C. 60%
- D. 40%

Q.54: English language is associated with ____?

- A. Industrial development
- B. Economic modernization
- C. Technological progress
- D. **All of the above**

Q.55: The advantage of A.V. aids is ____?

- A. To make bored on
- B. **To create interest**
- C. To save time
- D. No

Q.56: Semantic pictures mean ____?

- A. To remind certain words or phrases
- B. **To teach words meanings**
- C. to depict theme or text
- D. To represent the pictures

Q.57: What is meant by Realia?

- A. Artificial things
- B. **Real things**
- C. Audio-Visual aids
- D. None

Q.58: To ask the confirmation of some information we ask type of questions ____?

- A. Non Polar Questions
- B. **Tag questions**
- C. Simple Questions
- D. Polar Questions

Q.59: Yes/No questions are also called as ____?

- A. Difficult
- B. Simple
- C. Multi type
- D. **Polar**

Q.60: The formula of asking question is ____?

- A. P+A+C
- B. **A+P+C**
- C. A+C+P
- D. C+P+C

Q.61: In three basic questioning strategies two are convergent, divergent what is third?

- A. Diagonastive
- B. Summative
- C. **Evaluative**
- D. Formative

Q.62: The role of teacher in multi-grade teaching is ____?

- A. **Facilitator**
- B. Organizer
- C. Debater
- D. Imitator

Q.63: In multi-grade teaching how many teacher participate?

- A. Two
- B. **One**
- C. Team of teachers
- D. None

Q.64: The main objective of role play is ____?

- A. Make direct relation in real life
- B. Develop speaking skill
- C. **Both**
- D. None

Q.65: In teaching, role play is considered as ____?

- A. Imitation
- B. Representation
- C. **Simulation**
- D. None

Q.66: In peer teaching who teaches the class?

- A. Teacher
- B. **Students**
- C. Both a & b
- D. Special educationist

Q.67: The concept of peer teaching was introduced by ____?

- A. Rayan
- B. Shaplin
- C. Olds
- D. **Dwigh Allen**

Q.68: The concept of team teaching emerged in ____?

- A. 1960
- B. 1950
- C. 1953
- D. **1954**

Q.69: Phases in micro teaching are?

- A. 7
- B. 4
- C. **5**
- D. 6

Q.70: The time period in micro-teaching is ____?

- A. 10 min
- B. 10 min to 15 min
- C. **5 min to 10 min**
- D. 15 min to 20 min

Q.71: Micro teaching through technique is also called_____?

- A. Neoclassical micro teaching
- B. **Classical micro teaching**
- C. Modern micro teaching
- D. Both a & c

Q.72: In Four Ps format there are four steps one preparation, two presentation, three practice and what is four?

- A. Recapitulation
- B. Evaluation
- C. **Production**
- D. None

Q.73: Steps in a lesson plan of Sir Fredrick Herbert are?

- A. 4
- B. **5**
- C. 6
- D. 7

Q.74: Which is very important in lesson planning?

- A. Methods
- B. **Objectives**
- C. Content
- D. Flexibility

Q.75: Metaphor is derived from_____?

- A. American
- B. **Greek**
- C. French
- D. Latin

Q.76: Developed simile is also known as_____?

- A. Classic simile
- B. Simple simile
- C. **Homeric simile**
- D. Imitated simile

Q.77: "Simile" means_____?

- A. Unlike
- B. Comparison
- C. **Like**
- D. As

Q.78: Language used in poetry is_____?

- A. **Figurative**
- B. Simple
- C. Rhythmical
- D. Both a & b

Q.79: "Prose" is derived from?

- A. **Latin**
- B. Greek
- C. American
- D. None

Q.80: 97. What is the basic concept of inductive approach?

- A. Every word has a function to perform
- B. Language is best learnt with reference to a situation
- C. **Rules should come first and examples later**
- D. Examples should come first and rules later

Q.81: Among method of teaching grammar, methods most important are ____?

- A. Analytical and practical
- B. **Deductive and inductive**
- C. Deductive and practical
- D. Practical and situational

Q.82: The prescriptive grammar distinguish ____?

- A. Flexible and in flexible
- B. **Correct and incorrect**
- C. Logical and rational
- D. Scientific and natural

Q.83: Descriptive grammar is oriented ____?

- A. **Rules and regulations**
- B. Rules
- C. Trend
- D. None

Q.84: Prescriptive grammar is oriented ____?

- A. Regulations
- B. **Rules**
- C. Trend
- D. None

Q.85: Types of Grammar are?

- A. 5
- B. **2**
- C. 3
- D. 4

Q.86: Grammar is the analysis of writing ____?

- A. Logical
- B. Natural
- C. Final
- D. **Practical**

Q.87: Activity of writing is ____?

- A. Mechanical
- B. **Muscular**
- C. Mental
- D. Oral

Q.88: In reading skill the information transfer exercise means ____?

- A. Read and comprehend
- B. **Read and do exercise**
- C. Read and understand exercise
- D. Read and write exercise

Q.89: Faster than skimming is ____?

- A. Chunks
- B. Intensive reading
- C. Extensive reading
- D. **Scanning**

Q.90: "Skimming" means ____?

- A. to locate the specific information
- B. **To get the overall meaning of text**
- C. To get the brief study of text
- D. None of these

Q.91: The position of reader is ____?

- A. **Decoder.**
- B. Encoder
- C. Sender
- D. Incoder

Q.92: The much free activity in speaking skill is ____?

- A. Group work technique
- B. **Pair work technique**
- C. Both
- D. None

Q.93: In the production stage the role of teacher is ____?

- A. Controller
- B. **Passive**
- C. Active
- D. Guide

Q.94: In the stages of speaking lesson the presentation stage is called ____?

- A. Guided practice stage
- B. **Controlled practice stage**
- C. Free practice stage
- D. None of these

Q.95: The productive skill is ____?

- A. **Speaking & writing**
- B. Listening
- C. Writing
- D. Reading

Q.96: The stressed and unstressed syllable arranged in word is ____?

- A. Word pattern
- B. **Stress pattern**
- C. Sentence pattern
- D. None

Q.97: Percentage of listening devoted in communicative activity is ____?

- A. 9%
- B. 50%
- C. **45%**
- D. 16%

Q.98: Phonic method is ____?

- A. **Scientific**
- B. Logical
- C. Complete
- D. Economical

Q.99: The unit of phonic method is ____?

- A. Sounds of syllables
- B. **Sounds of letters**
- C. Sounds of alphabetic
- D. Sounds of words

Q.100: The procedure of sentence method is ____?

- A. Sentence-Phrases - Words - Letters
- B. Words - Sentences - Phrases - Paragraph
- C. **Sentences- Idioms - Words - Letters**
- D. Paragraph Sentences Phrases - Words

Q.101: The procedure of syllabic method is ____?

- A. Syllables are combined to form words and phrases
- B. **Syllables are combined to form words and sentences**
- C. Syllables are combined to forms words and short paragraph
- D. None of these

Q.102: The procedure of alphabetic method is?

- A. Words-Phrases - Sentences - Paragraph
- B. **Letter Words - Phrases - Sentence**
- C. Letters-Words - Phrases - Paragraph
- D. Letters Words - Sentences - Paragraph

Q.103: Alphabetic method is also caned as_____?

- A. American method
- B. Spelling method
- C. **Spellbind method**
- D. Natural method

Q.104: Methods of teaching reading are_____?

- A. 9
- B. **4**
- C. 8
- D. 7

Q.105: The language acquisition approach is also called as_____?

- A. None of these
- B. Natural way of communication
- C. **Natural way of Krashen**
- D. Natural way of research about

Q.106: Audio Lingual Method was introduced in:?

- A. 1930 to 1965s
- B. **1930 to 1960s**
- C. 1930 to 1960s
- D. 1930 to 1950s

Q.107: "Lingual" means_____?

- A. Asking
- B. Listening
- C. **Speaking**
- D. Seeing

Q.108: The other name of Audio Lingual Method is_____?

- A. Audio-Lingual approach
- B. **Aural oral approach**
- C. Communicative approach
- D. Linguistic approach

Q.109: The direct method was first called as_____?

- A. Direct method
- B. Classical method
- C. **Reform method**
- D. An approach

Q.110: The integral part of communicative approach is_____?

- A. Interaction
- B. Sequence
- C. Fluency
- D. **Speech**

Q.111: If the user of a language has only the knowledge of language rules and form then what he is said to have?

- A. Communicative approach
- B. **Linguistic competence**
- C. Communicative competence
- D. Linguistic approach

Q.112: Which type of sentence this is "Turn to the left and proceed"_____?

- A. A suggestion
- B. An order
- C. A request
- D. **An instruction**

Q.113: Method of teaching English used in our Govt. School is_____?

- A. Direct Method
- B. **Grammar Translation Method**
- C. Both a & b
- D. Audio-lingual method

Q.114: In regard of the learning of a language kinds of approaches are_____?

- A. 6
- B. 3
- C. **5**
- D. 4

Q.115: Which theory of language is more appealing and rationalistic?

- A. **Innate**
- B. Behaviouristic
- C. Both
- D. None

Q.116: Theory expounded by skinner was ____?

- A. Mentalism
- B. **Behaviouristic theory**
- C. Innate theory
- D. Nativistic theory

Q.117: Theories put forwarded in the study of first language acquisition are ____?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. **3**

Q.118: The position of English in Pakistan is ____?

- A. Permanent
- B. **Privileged**
- C. Temporary
- D. None of these

Q.119: The most fundamental characteristics of human English language is ____?

- A. Duality
- B. Medium of communication
- C. System of contrast
- D. **Human speech sound**

Q.120: What are the passive skills of teaching English are ____?

- A. Speaking and listening
- B. Speaking and writing
- C. **Listening and reading**
- D. Reading and writing

Q.121: Within four fold aims of teaching English the basic aim is ____?

- A. Reading
- B. **Listening**
- C. Speaking
- D. Writing

Q.122: Who says that "Prose is the natural language of man" ____?

- A. Wallace M.J.
- B. Chomsky
- C. **Noah Webster**
- D. Seaton Brian

Q.123: Name the approach which tells that language is best learnt with reference to situation ____?

- A. Inductive
- B. Practical
- C. **Situational**
- D. Analytical

Q.124: It is said that language is always ____?

- A. Thinking
- B. Increasing
- C. **Changing**
- D. Observation

Q.125: The practical analysis of a language is ____?

- A. Principal
- B. Writing
- C. **Grammar**
- D. Composition

Q.126: The last stage of writing is ____?

- A. **Advanced Writing**
- B. Controlled Writing
- C. Guided Writing
- D. Free Writing

Q.127: The advanced stage of speaking is ____?

- A. Writing
- B. Dialogue
- C. **Discussion**
- D. Practice

Q.128: The other form of dialogue is ____?

- A. Practice
- B. Drill
- C. **Role-Play**
- D. Exercise

Q.129: A conversation between two person is ____?

- A. Multilogue
- B. Monologue
- C. **Dialogue**
- D. Mixing

Q.130: Conveying the message through the words of mouth is ____?

- A. Writing
- B. Reading
- C. **Speaking**
- D. Listening

Q.131: "Cloze" means:?

- A. Assessing
- B. Finishing
- C. **Missing Part**
- D. Close

Q.132: A test of writing is ____?

- A. Paraphrasing
- B. Mixing
- C. **Dictation**
- D. Listening

Q.133: The spelling method is also called as ____?

- A. Eclectic Method
- B. Phonic Method
- C. **alphabetic Method**
- D. Whole-word Method

Q.134: What method aims to teach directly without the help of mother tongue?

- A. Audio-lingual Method
- B. Grammar Translation Method
- C. **Direct Method**
- D. Eclectic Method

Q.135: Expressive skill is ____?

- A. Listening
- B. Reading
- C. **Writing**
- D. Speaking

Q.136: Point out one receptive skill out of the following

- A. **Listening**
- B. Reading
- C. Writing
- D. Speaking

Q.137: The time period in microteaching is ____?

- A. 10 min
- B. **5 min to 10 min**
- C. 15 min to 10 min
- D. 15 min to 20 min

Q.138: The oldest method of teaching a language is ____?

- A. Eclectic Method
- B. Direct Method
- C. **Grammar Translation Method**
- D. Audio-Lingual Method

Q.139: In deductive method of teaching grammar we proceed from ____?

- A. **Examples to rules**
- B. Structure to sentences
- C. Words to sentences
- D. Rules to examples

Q.140: Name the key in the process of habit formation ____?

- A. Usage
- B. Production
- C. **Practice**
- D. Imitation

Q.141: The main purpose of learning a language is ____?

- A. Comprehension
- B. Appreciation
- C. Discussion
- D. **Communication**

Q.142: 35. with native speaker like proficiency is known as: The ability to use two languages freely and fluently ____?

- A. Multilingualism
- B. Trilingualism
- C. Monolingualism
- D. **Bilingualism**

Q.143: What do the close and deep reading of a text called?

- A. Deductive
- B. Extensive
- C. **Intensive**
- D. Inductive

Q.144: Deductive method is a method of teaching?

- A. Prose
- B. Spelling
- C. **Grammar**
- D. Poetry

Q.145: Why do we skim a paragraph or lesson?

- A. To spread time
- B. To know
- C. To save time
- D. **To guess**

Q.146: Teaching technique employed for teachers training is ____?

- A. Multigrade teaching
- B. Team teaching
- C. **Micro teaching**
- D. Peer teaching

Q.147: What do you mean by review?

- A. Assessment
- B. Guess
- C. Evaluation
- D. **Critical Evaluation**

Q.148: Productive skills are ____?

- A. **Speaking and writing**
- B. Reading and writing
- C. Reading and speaking
- D. Listening and speaking

Q.149: Skimming in language learning is ____?

- A. Running eyes quickly over the text
- B. **Taking off cream from milk**
- C. Reading quickly
- D. Reading quickly to find what it is about

Q.150: What is meant by recapitulation?

- A. Presentation
- B. Follow-up
- C. **Summing-up**
- D. Supposition

Q.151: The test in which words are removed from a reading passage at regular intervals, leaving blank is called ____?

- A. A discrete point set
- B. A placement test
- C. An aptitude test
- D. **A cloze test**

Q.152: Macro teaching is ____?

- A. Teaching for a long time
- B. Teaching on large scale
- C. Teaching a skill in detail
- D. **Teaching one or more skills at the same time**

Q.153: Function words are also called ____?

- A. Distribute words
- B. Content words
- C. **Form words**
- D. Substitute words

Q.154: What does "Objective" refer to ____?

- A. Thing
- B. Thoughts
- C. **Facts**
- D. Real

Q.155: In phonetic method the children are taught to recognize relationship between ____?

- A. Phrases and sounds
- B. **Letters and sounds**
- C. Words and sounds
- D. Syllables and sounds

Q.156: What do we mean when we say "Anticipation in Reading"?

- A. Checking
- B. Thinking
- C. **Guessing**
- D. Asking

Q.157: Content words are also called ____?

- A. Empty words
- B. Functors
- C. Grammatical words
- D. **Lexical words**

Q.158: Alphabetic method was invented by ____?

- A. **The Americans**
- B. The Greeks and the Romans
- C. The Greeks and the Germans
- D. The Egyptians

Q.159: Receptive skills are also called_____?

- A. Passive skills
- B. Active skills
- C. Productive skills
- D. None of the previous

Q.160: "Between you and I, he is a hindrance". This sentence is correct in_____?

- A. Inborn grammar
- B. Prescriptive grammar
- C. Descriptive grammar
- D. Ordinary grammar

Q.161: Receptive skills are_____?

- A. Speaking and writing
- B. Reading and writing
- C. Reading and speaking
- D. Listening and reading

Q.162: A test which measures a student's performance according to a particular standard which has been agreed upon is called_____?

- A. An aptitude test
- B. An objective referenced test
- C. A norm referenced test
- D. A criterion referenced

Q.163: Words which refer to a thing, quality, state or action and which have meaning when the words are used alone are called_____?

- A. Content words
- B. Distribute words
- C. Substitute words
- D. Function words

Q.164: What is meant by reading in chunks?

- A. Checking
- B. Completely
- C. Short Pieces
- D. Skimming

Q.165: Grammar-translation method is based on_____?

- A. Structural approach
- B. Communicative approach
- C. Natural approach
- D. Classical approach

Q.166: Phonetic method is a method of teaching children_____?

- A. To listen
- B. To write
- C. To read
- D. To speak

Q.167: A grammar which describes how a language is actually spoken and written is called_____?

- A. New grammar
- B. Prescriptive grammar
- C. Descriptive grammar
- D. nductive grammar

Q.168: Alphabetic method is also called_____?

- A. Spelling method
- B. Syllabic method
- C. Story method
- D. Phonic method

Q.169: What does Bilingualism mean?

- A. Knowing no language
- B. Knowing one language
- C. **Knowing two languages**
- D. Knowing more than two languages

Q.170: A test which is designed to provide a measure of performance that is interpretable in terms of an individual's relative standing in some known group is called_____?

- A. An aptitude test
- B. An objective referenced test
- C. **A norm referenced test**
- D. A criterion referenced test

Q.171: In Direct Method translation is_____?

- A. Rarely used
- B. Much emphasized
- C. **Not used**
- D. Not liked

Q.172: A grammar which states rule of what is considered the best or most correct usage is_____?

- A. New grammar
- B. Prescriptive grammar
- C. **Descriptive grammar**
- D. Inductive grammar

Q.173: Role play is also called as_____?

- A. Changing roles
- B. **Simulation**
- C. Playing some game
- D. Speaking before

Q.174: The method of teaching foreign languages without using the pupil's first language is_____?

- A. Old method
- B. **Direct method**
- C. Classical method
- D. Grammar-translation method

Q.175: Grammar - Translation method is also called_____?

- A. Oral method
- B. Modern method
- C. **Old method**
- D. Natural method

Q.176: How many people use English language in Pakistan?

- A. 11 Million
- B. 75 Million
- C. **16 Million**
- D. 7 Million

Methods of Teaching English at Elementary Level (Answer Key)

1. A	2. D	3. B	4. C	5. B	6. B	7. A	8. A	9. C	10. B
11. C	12. B	13. A	14. A	15. C	16. A	17. D	18. B	19. A	20. A
21. A	22. C	23. B	24. C	25. C	26. B	27. C	28. C	29. A	30. D
31. D	32. C	33. C	34. A	35. A	36. D	37. B	38. B	39. A	40. D
41. B	42. C	43. C	44. D	45. A	46. B	47. D	48. A	49. B	50. B
51. D	52. C	53. B	54. D	55. B	56. B	57. B	58. B	59. D	60. B
61. C	62. A	63. B	64. C	65. C	66. B	67. D	68. D	69. C	70. C
71. B	72. C	73. B	74. B	75. B	76. C	77. C	78. A	79. A	80. C
81. B	82. B	83. A	84. B	85. B	86. D	87. B	88. B	89. D	90. B
91. A	92. B	93. B	94. B	95. A	96. B	97. C	98. A	99. B	100. C
101. B	102. B	103. C	104. B	105. C	106. B	107. C	108. B	109. C	110. D
111. B	112. D	113. B	114. C	115. A	116. B	117. D	118. B	119. D	120. C
121. B	122. C	123. C	124. C	125. C	126. A	127. C	128. C	129. C	130. C
131. C	132. C	133. C	134. C	135. C	136. A	137. B	138. C	139. A	140. C
141. D	142. D	143. C	144. C	145. D	146. C	147. D	148. A	149. B	150. C
151. D	152. D	153. C	154. C	155. B	156. C	157. D	158. A	159. A	160. B
161. D	162. D	163. A	164. C	165. D	166. C	167. C	168. A	169. C	170. C
171. C	172. C	173. B	174. B	175. C	176. C				